Amendments to the Claims:

Claim 1 (currently amended): A vaccine comprising a <u>recombinant</u> Sendai virus vector encoding a virus protein of an immunodeficiency virus, wherein the virus protein comprises a protein selected from the group consisting of Pol, gp41, Tat, Rev, Vpu, Vpx, Vpr, Vif, Nef, Gag-Pol fusion protein, and a part of any of them, and wherein the vaccine induces a cellular immune response specific to the virus protein.

Claim 2 (previously presented): A vaccine comprising a Sendai virus vector encoding a Gag protein or a part of it, wherein the vaccine induces a cellular immune response specific to the Gag protein or the part of it.

Claim 3 (original): The vaccine of claim 1, wherein the Sendai virus vector is defective in the V gene.

Claim 4 (original): The vaccine of claim 2, wherein the Sendai virus vector is defective in the V gene.

Claim 5 (currently amended): A method for vaccination, the method comprising inoculating a vaccine comprising a intranasally administering a recombinant Sendai virus vector encoding a virus protein of an immunodeficiency virus.

Claim 6 (canceled)

Claim 7 (currently amended): The method of claim 5, wherein the vaccine is inoculated at least once in vaccination comprises multiple vaccine inoculations and the recombinant Sendai virus vector is inoculated at least once.

Claim 8 (canceled)

Claim 9 (currently amended): The method of claim 7 claim 5, wherein the method further comprises the steps of (a) step of inoculating a DNA vaccine comprising a DNA encoding the genome of the immunodeficiency virus and then (b) inoculating before the inoculation of the Sendai virus vector encoding a virus protein of an immunodeficiency virus.

Claim 10 (canceled)

Claim 11 (currently amended): A method for inducing a cellular immune response specific to a virus protein of an immunodeficiency virus *in vitro*, the method comprising the steps of (a) introducing a <u>recombinant</u> Sendai virus encoding the virus protein into an

antigen presenting cell and (b) contacting the antigen presenting cell with a T helper cell and cytotoxic T cell, thereby inducing a cellular immune response.

Claim 12 (previously presented): The method of claim 11, wherein the virus protein comprises a protein selected from the group consisting of Pol, gp41, Tat, Rev, Vpu, Vpx, Vpr, Vif, Nef, Gag-Pol fusion protein, and a part of any of them.

Claim 13 (previously presented): The method of claim 11, wherein the virus protein comprises a Gag protein or a part of it.

Claim 14 (previously presented): The method of claim 11, wherein the antigen presenting cell is an autologous herpes virus papio-immortalized B lymphoblastoid cell.

Claim 15 (previously presented): The method of claim 11, wherein said contacting step comprises co-culturing the antigen presenting cell with the T helper cell and the cytotoxic T cell in a medium.

Claim 16 (currently amended): A composition comprising a carrier and a <u>recombinant</u> Sendai virus vector encoding a virus protein of an immunodeficiency virus, wherein the virus protein comprises a protein selected from the group consisting of Pol, gp41, Tat,

Rev, Vpu, Vpx, Vpr, Vif, Nef, Gag-Pol fusion protein, and a part of any of them, and wherein the vaccine induces a cellular immune response specific to the virus protein.

Claim 17 (currently amended): A composition comprising a carrier and a Sendai virus vector encoding a Gag protein or a part of it, wherein the vaccine composition induces a cellular immune response specific to the Gag protein or the part of it.

Claim 18 (previously presented): The composition of claim 16, wherein the Sendai virus vector is defective in the V gene.

Claim 19 (previously presented): The composition of claim 17, wherein the Sendai virus vector is defective in the V gene.

Claim 20 (currently amended): A method for inducing a cellular immune response specific to a virus protein of an immunodeficiency virus in an animal, the method comprising inoculating a composition comprising a carrier and a the step of intranasally administering a recombinant Sendai virus vector encoding the virus protein.

Claim 21-23 (canceled)

Claim 24 (currently amended): The method of elaim 22 claim 20, wherein the method further comprises the steps of (a) the step of inoculating a DNA vaccine comprising a DNA encoding the genome of the immunodeficiency virus and then (b) inoculating before the administration of the Sendai virus vector.

Claim 25 (canceled)

Claim 26 (previously presented): The method of claim 24, wherein the genome is defective in env gene and nef gene.

Claim 27 (canceled)

Claim 28 (previously presented): The method of claim 20, wherein the virus protein comprises a protein selected from the group consisting of Pol, gp41, Tat, Rev, Vpu, Vpx, Vpr, Vif, Nef, Gag-Pol fusion protein, and a part of any of them.

Claim 29 (currently amended): The method of claim 20, wherein the virus protein comprises the Gag protein or a part of it.

Claim 30 (currently amended): The method of claim 20, wherein the animal is a

mammalian animal mammal.

Claim 31 (currently amended): The method of claim 30, wherein the mammalian animal mammal is a non-human primate.

Claim 32 (currently amended): The method of claim 30, wherein the mammalian animal mammal is a human.

Claim 33 (currently amended): A method for repressing propagation of an immunodeficiency virus in an animal, the method comprising inoculating a composition comprising a carrier and a intranasally administering a Sendai virus vector encoding the virus protein.

Claim 34-36 (canceled)

Claim 37 (currently amended): The method of elaim 35 claim 30, wherein the method further comprises the steps of (a) the step of inoculating a DNA vaccine comprising a DNA encoding the genome of the immunodeficiency virus and then (b) inoculating before the administration of the Sendai virus vector.

Claim 38 (canceled)

Claim 39 (previously presented): The method of claim 37, wherein the genome is defective in env gene and nef gene.

Claim 40 (canceled)

Claim 41 (previously presented): The method of claim 33, wherein the virus protein comprises a protein selected from the group consisting of Pol, gp41, Tat, Rev, Vpu, Vpx, Vpr, Vif, Nef, Gag-Pol fusion protein, and a part of any of them.

Claim 42 (currently amended): The method of claim 33, wherein the virus protein comprises the Gag protein or a part of it.

Claim 43 (currently amended): The method of claim 33, wherein the animal is a mammalian animal mammal.

Claim 44 (currently amended): The method of claim 43, wherein the mammalian animal mammal is a non-human primate.

Claim 45 (currently amended): The method of claim 43, wherein the mammalian animal mammal is a human.

Claim 46 (new): The vaccine of claim 1, wherein the Sendai virus vector is defective in an envelope gene.

Claim 47 (new): The vaccine of claim 2, wherein the Sendai virus vector is defective in an envelope gene.

Claim 48 (new): The vaccine of claim 46, wherein the envelope gene is F gene.

Claim 49 (new): The vaccine of claim 47, wherein the envelope gene is F gene.

Claim 50 (new): The method of claim 5, wherein the Sendai virus vector is defective in an envelope gene.

Claim 51 (new): The method of claim 50, wherein the envelope gene is F gene.

Claim 52 (new): The method of claim 11, wherein the Sendai virus vector is defective in an envelope gene.

Claim 53 (new): The method of claim 52, wherein the envelope gene is F gene.

Claim 54 (new): The composition of claim 16, wherein the Sendai virus vector is defective in an envelope gene.

Claim 55 (new): The composition of claim 17, wherein the Sendai virus vector is defective in an envelope gene.

Claim 56 (new): The composition of claim 54, wherein the envelope gene is F gene.

Claim 57 (new): The composition of claim 55, wherein the envelope gene is F gene.

Claim 58 (new): The method of claim 20, wherein the Sendai virus vector is defective in an envelope gene.

Claim 59 (new): The method of claim 58, wherein the envelope gene is F gene.

Claim 60 (new): The method of claim 33, wherein the Sendai virus vector is defective in an envelope gene.

Claim 61 (new): The method of claim 60, wherein the envelope gene is F gene.